Scriptable Render Pipeline

Future of Rendering in Unity

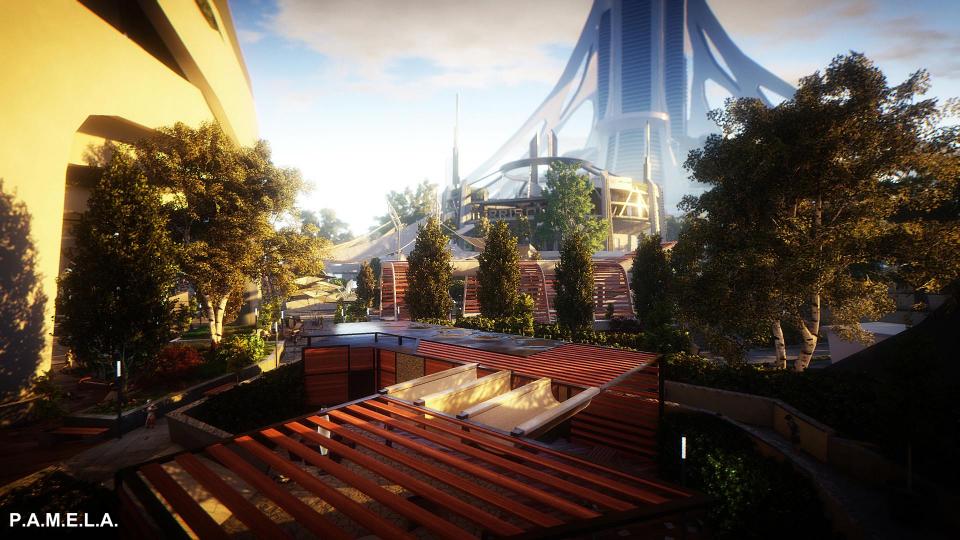
Aras Pranckevičius



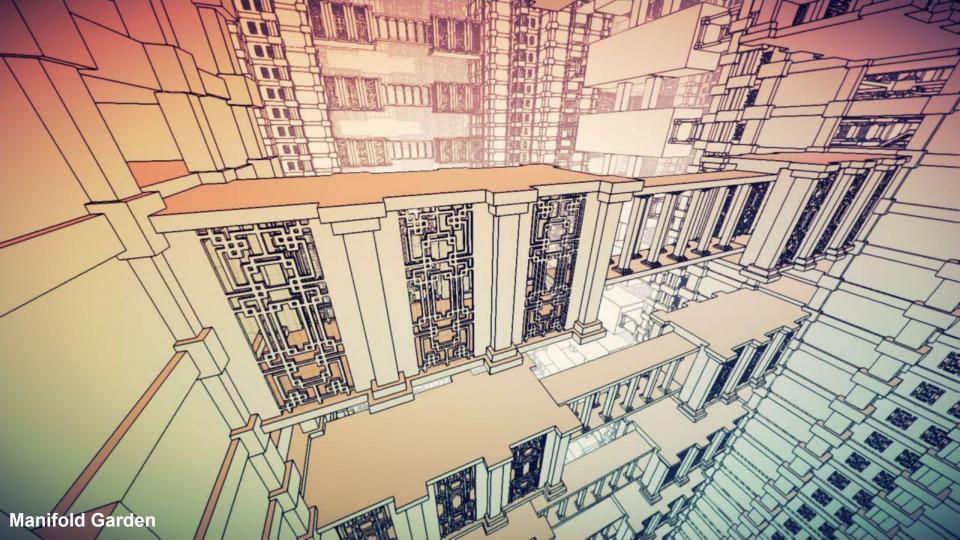
Problem In Pictures









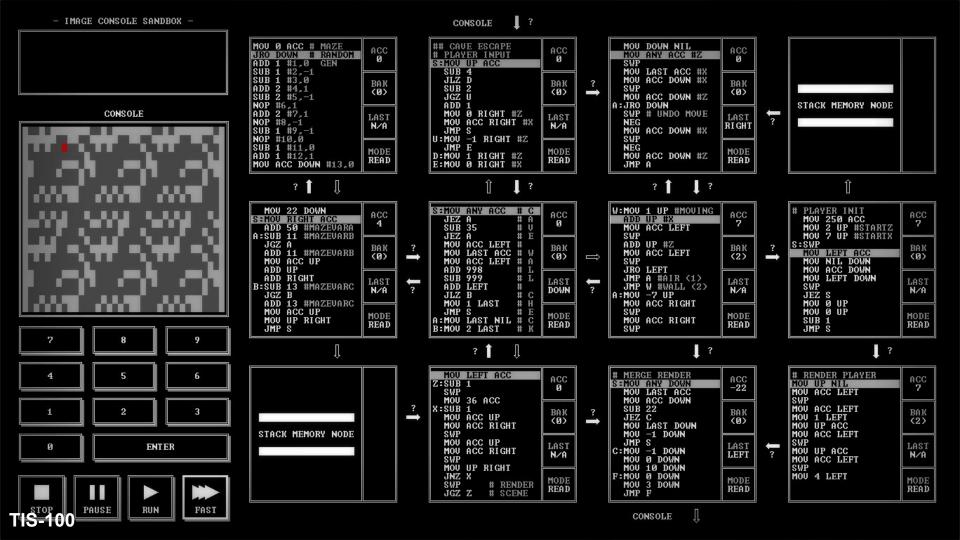




















Why is that a problem?!



Unity's Render Pipeline Today, In Theory

- Forward or Deferred
- Configurable
 - Custom shaders, both for materials and lighting
 - Compute shaders
 - Custom post-processing effects
 - Command Buffers
- Works well on all platforms



Unity's Render Pipeline Today, In Practice...

- Big black box system
- Hard to configure right
- Flexibility is not awesome
- Performance is not awesome
- "One Size Fits All" trap
- Often does not use platform specific strengths
- Changing the behavior is hard





New Goals!

- Small C++ core
- Expose APIs
- High level "render loop" logic in C#



Lean

- Minimal surface area
- Testable
- Loosely coupled



User Centric

- Lives as extension or in user's project directly
- Debuggable
- Extend and modify
- Fast iteration time for changes



Optimal

- Perform fast, duh
- Optimal for:
 - Particular platform
 - Particular application type
- Allow removing things your project does not need



Explicit

- Does exactly what you tell it. Nothing more. Nothing less.
- No magic
- Clean API



Scriptable Render Pipeline



Engine (C++) vs userland (C#) split

- If it's perf critical, it's done in engine/C++
 - Future: maybe in C# if we can make it fast (ongoing research)
- Engine C++ code:
 - Culling
 - Sorting / Batching / Rendering sets of objects
 - Internal graphics platform abstraction
- C# / shader code:
 - Camera setup
 - Lighting / shadows setup
 - Frame render passes setup / logic
 - Shader & compute code



This is not rocket surgery

- High level code / config to describe rendering idea is not new:
 - "Benefits of a data-driven renderer", Tobias Persson, GDC 2011
 - o "Destiny's Multi-Threaded Rendering Architecture", Natalya Tatarchuk, GDC 2015
 - "Framegraph: Extensible Rendering Architecture in Frostbite", Yuriy O'Donell, GDC 2017
- Should it be data (graph / config files) or code (C# / Lua / ...)?
 - We went for code
 - Programmers like code more than noodle graphs :)
 - Some decisions are branchy and game state dependent



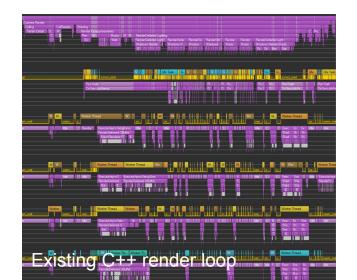
Main C# APIs

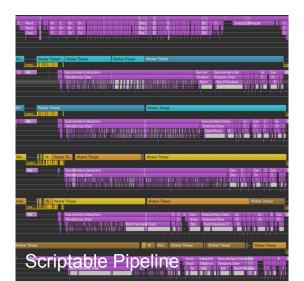
- Cull specific views
- Render subset of visible objects
 - With info on what material/shader passes to use
 - With sorting flags
 - With "what kind of per-object data to setup" (light probes, per-object light lists, etc.) to set up
- Already existing APIs for:
 - Setting up render passes / render targets
 - Setting up shader constants / global resources
 - Dispatching compute shaders
 - Rendering individual meshes (for special fx / post fx)
- APIs build a "command buffer" that is later analyzed/executed



C#?! U MAD?!?!

- This is high-level code operating on frame structure
- No per-visible-object C# bits
- Actually runs faster and schedules better than our old C++ render loops!
- We also have a bunch of threading / no-GC things cooking for C#, soon...







Want to ship out of the box

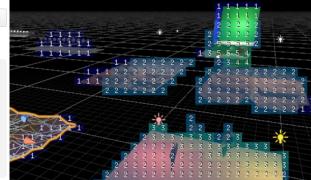
- PC/Console/High-Mobile pipeline (codename "HD"... naming is hard!)
- Low-end mobile pipeline
- VR



HD Pipeline

- PBR, GGX, area lights, FPTL/clustered, aniso GGX, layered, SSS, ...
 - All the buzzwords:)
- Requires compute shader support
- Watch it live! <u>github.com/Unity-Technologies/ScriptableRenderLoop</u>





Great. When?

- "Experimental" in Unity 5.6 since last year!
 - unity3d.com/unity/beta
 - github.com/Unity-Technologies/ScriptableRenderLoop
 - API keeps on changing
- Want to ship "for reals" in release after 5.6

