

Unity 5

Graphics Smörgåsbord

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Rendering Plumber

Overview

- Unity 5 adds a lot of graphics goodies!
- Let's run through them real fast



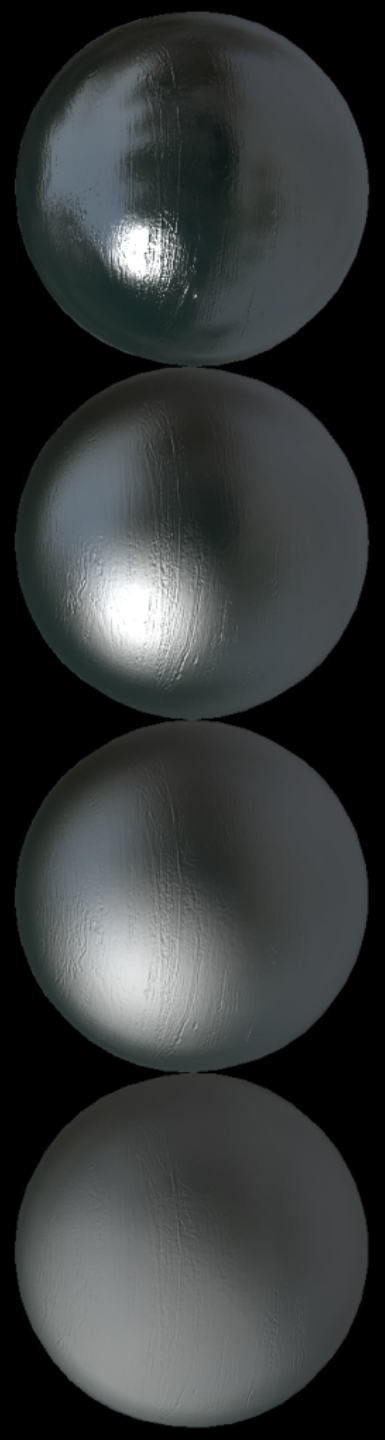
Physically Based Shading

Motivation for PBS

- Predictable look under different lighting conditions
- Less guesswork, fewer ad-hoc parameters
- More interop with other tools (Toolbag, Substance, ...)
- Allow capture/scanning of real world data.

PBS: Energy Conservation

- Don't reflect more light than you receive
- Sharper reflections = stronger; blurrier reflections = dimmer
- Specular takes away from diffuse



PBS: Specular & Fresnel

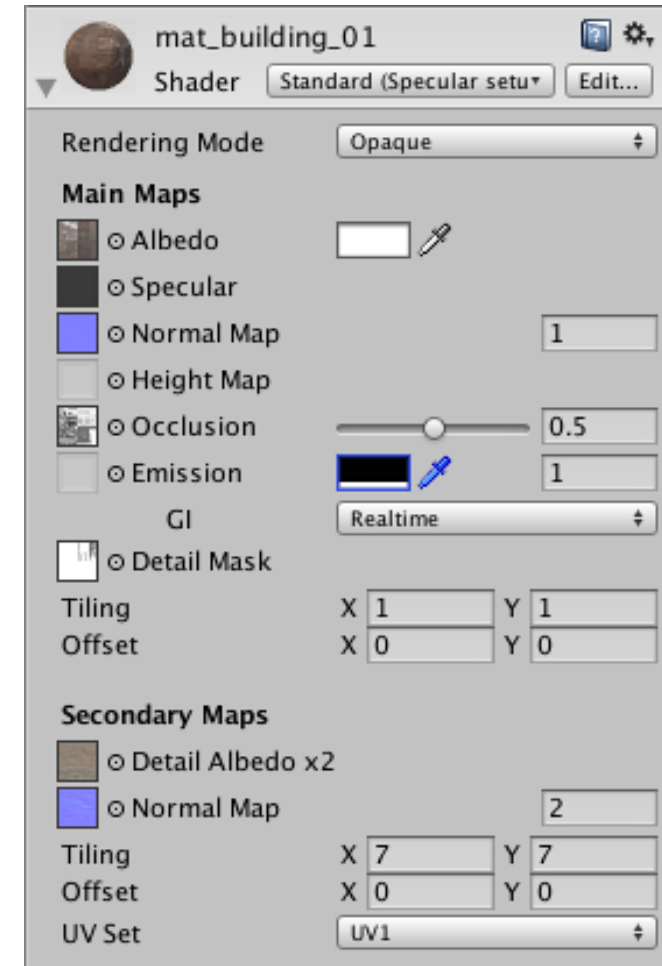
- Everything has specular
- Everything has Fresnel
 - “Surface becomes more reflective at grazing angles”

PBS: Image Based Lighting

- Not *strictly* a requirement for PBS but...
- It's good for approximating the “entire lighting environment”

Standard Shader

- Built-in shader for most everyday materials
- No more hunting for “which shader to use?”
- Features driven by streamlined inspector



Metallic vs Specular

- Metallic:

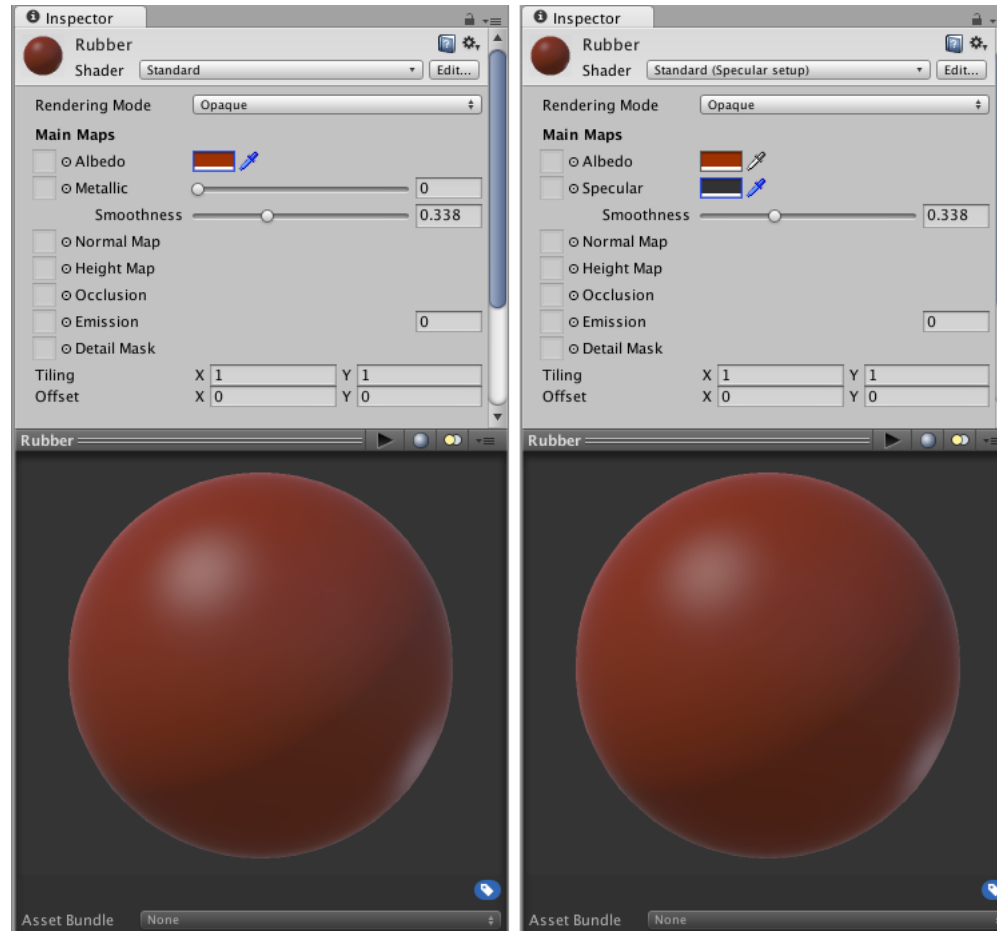
- Albedo (RGB)
- Metallic (R)
Smoothness (A)

- 0 metallic:

- Diffuse=albedo
- Specular 4% gray

- 1 metallic:

- Diffuse=black
- Specular=albedo



- Specular:

- Diffuse (RGB)
- Specular (RGB)
Smoothness (A)

SHADER CALIBRATION SCENE

METALLIC VALUE CHARTS

ALBEDO RGB

ALBEDO DEFINES THE **OVERALL COLOUR** OF AN OBJECT
VALUES USUALLY MATCH THE PERCEIVED COLOUR OF AN OBJECT

MEDIAN LUMINOSITY



NON-METAL sRGB RANGE **50-243**

METAL sRGB RANGE **186-255**

NON-METAL EXAMPLE VALUES



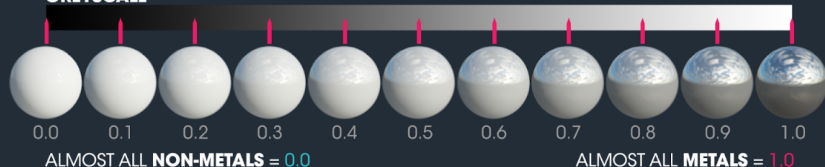
METAL EXAMPLE VALUES



METALLIC R

METALLIC DEFINES WHETHER A SURFACE APPEARS TO BE **METAL** OR **NON-METAL**
WHILST PURE SURFACES WILL BE EITHER **0.0** OR **1.0**. BEAR IN MIND FEW PURE, CLEAN, UNWEATHERED MATERIALS EXIST IN REAL LIFE
WHEN **TEXTURING** A METALLIC MAP, THIS VALUE WILL ALWAYS BE **GREYSCALE** AND IS STORED IN THE **R CHANNEL** OF AN RGB FILE

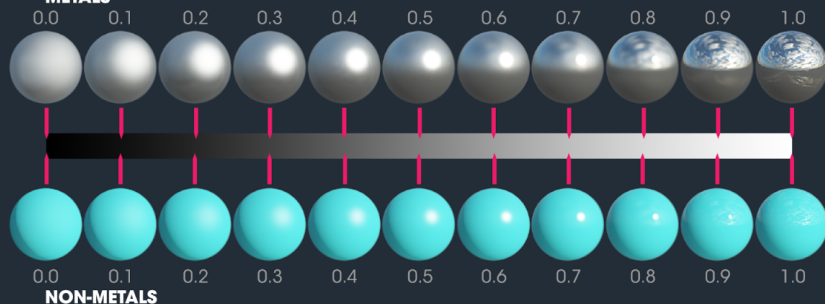
GREYSCALE



SMOOTHNESS A

SMOOTHNESS DEFINES THE PERCEIVED **GLOSSINESS** OR **ROUGHNESS** OF A SURFACE
FOR TEXTURES, THIS IS STORED AS THE ALPHA CHANNEL OF THE **METALLIC MAP**

METALS



SHADER CALIBRATION SCENE

SPECULAR VALUE CHARTS

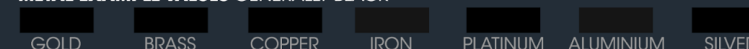
ALBEDO RGB

ALBEDO DEFINES THE **DIFFUSE REFLECTIVITY** OF A SURFACE
FOR **NON-METALS** THIS WILL USUALLY BE THE PERCEIVED COLOUR OF THE OBJECT. FOR **METALS** THIS IS USUALLY BLACK

NON-METAL EXAMPLE VALUES



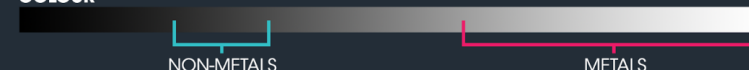
METAL EXAMPLE VALUES GENERALLY BLACK



SPECULAR RGB

SPECULAR DEFINES THE **SPECULAR REFLECTIVITY** OF A SURFACE
NON-METALS ARE USUALLY A DARK GREY OF ~55 IN sRGB. FOR **METALS**, THIS IS USUALLY THE PERCEIVED COLOUR OF THE METAL

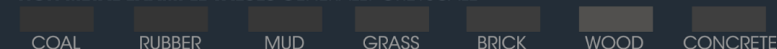
COLOUR



NON-METAL sRGB RANGE **40-75**

METAL sRGB RANGE **155-255**

NON-METAL EXAMPLE VALUES GENERALLY GREYSCALE



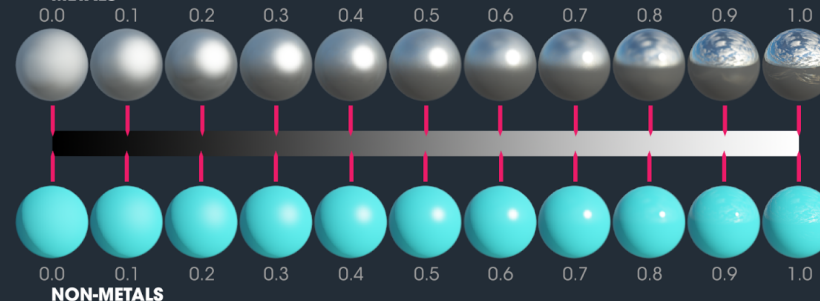
METAL EXAMPLE VALUES



SMOOTHNESS A

SMOOTHNESS DEFINES THE PERCEIVED **GLOSSINESS** OR **ROUGHNESS** OF A SURFACE
FOR TEXTURES, THIS IS STORED AS THE ALPHA CHANNEL OF THE **SPECULAR MAP**

METALS

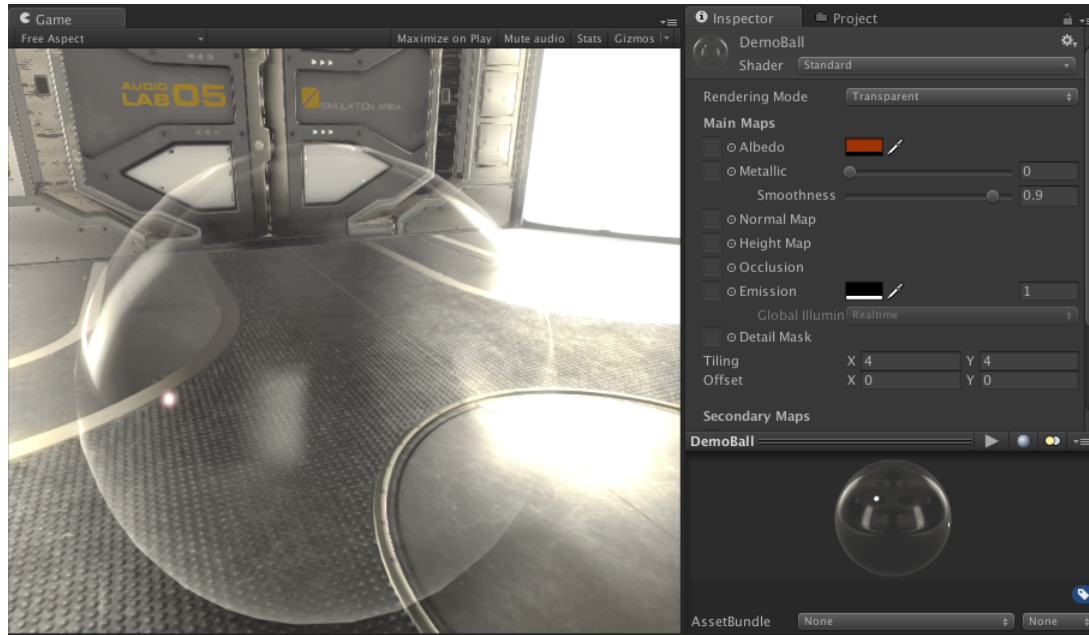


Transparency

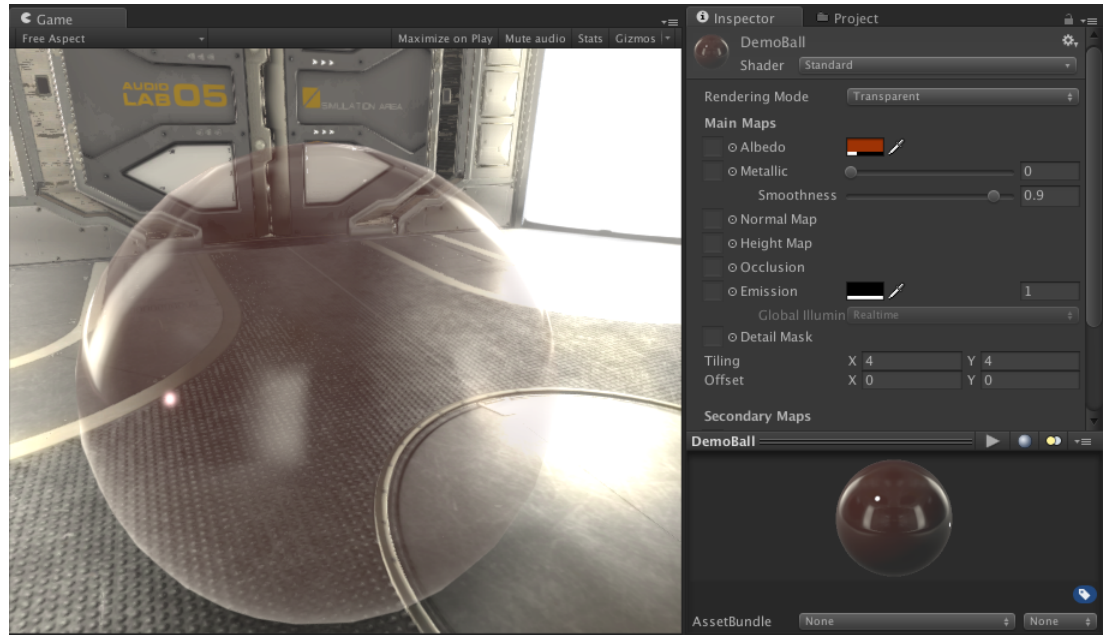
- Physically plausible “Transparent” mode
 - Glass, water, ...
 - Specular & reflections visible, even at $\alpha=0$!
- Gameplay/Effects oriented “Fade” mode
 - For fading out objects
 - Invisible at $\alpha=0$

Transparency: Transparent

Alpha=0

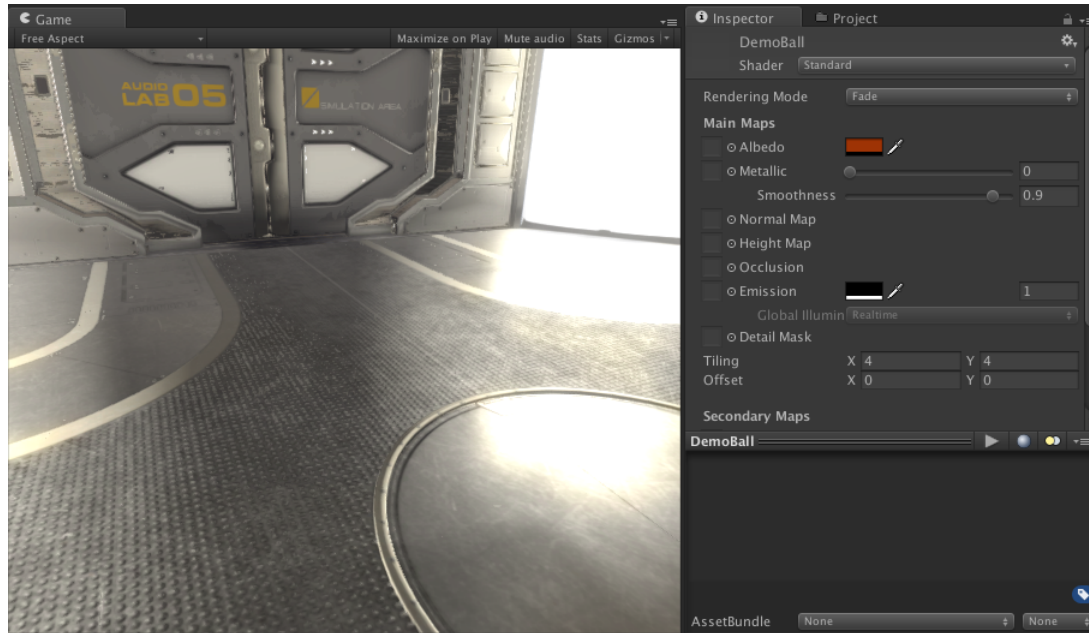


Alpha=0.3

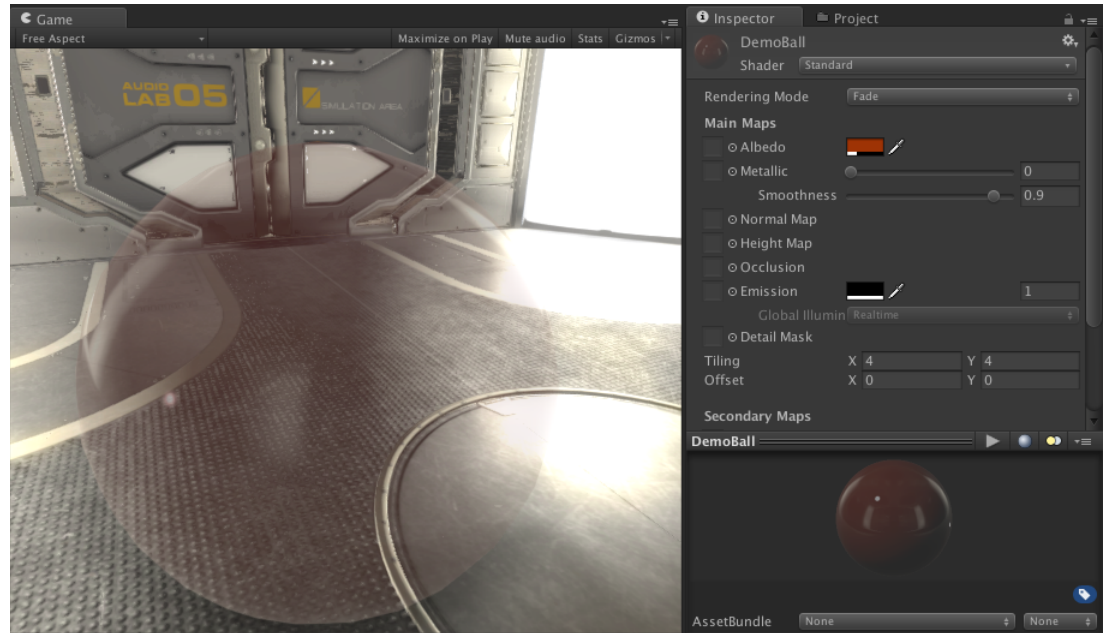


Transparency: Fade

Alpha=0



Alpha=0.3



Math Details

- 3 BRDFs for different hardware/performance
- BRDF1: PC/consoles, SM3.0+
 - Derived from Disney; Torrance-Sparrow μ facet model
 - Blinn-Phong NDF, Smith V, Schlick F
- BRDF2: Mobile ES3.0+
 - Modified “Minimalist Cook Torrance”
 - Approximate Kelemen & Szirmay-Kalos V, approx F
- BRDF3: Old hardware (DX9 SM2.0, DX11 9.x, ES2.0)
 - Blinn-Phong in RDF form, implicit V, no F
 - Math done via lookup texture

How much perf does it cost?

- Small scene to test on mobile & PC
- No shadows, no post-fx; just raw cost of shader itself
- Render into 1920x1080 everywhere

How much perf does it cost?

Scene rendered into 1080p

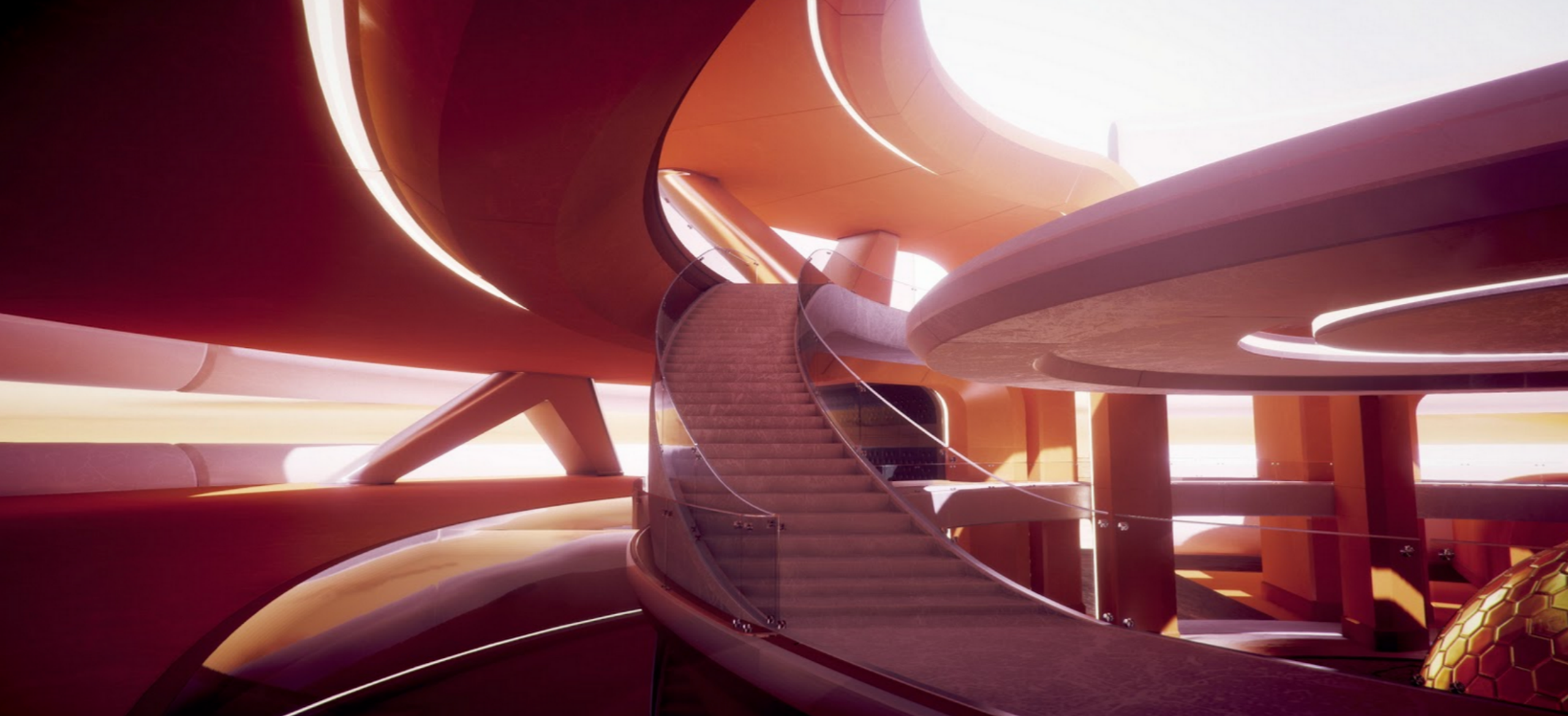


How much perf does it cost?

- Added ms/frame on GPU compared to Unity 4 BumpSpecular:
 - Fast PC (GeForce GTX 680): +**0.1ms**
 - Medium PC (Radeon HD 7770): +**0.4ms**
 - Laptop (GeForce GT 750M): +**1.4ms**
 - Laptop (Intel Iris Pro): +**3.4ms**
 - iPhone 6 (A8): +**8.3ms**
 - iPadAir (A7): +**12.3ms**
- Not a fair comparison! Now it samples more textures (occlusion, reflection etc.)
 - Also you probably don't want to render 1080p with PBS on older mobiles

Surface Shaders

- Can use Standard BRDF in surface shaders too
 - `#pragma surface surf Standard`
 - `void surf (Input IN, inout SurfaceOutputStandard o) { ... }`
 - Similar for specular workflow
- Your own PBS lighting functions
 - “GI” part (lightmaps, ambient, indirect, reflections) is part of lighting function
 - Was hardcoded & non PBS in Unity 4



Global Illumination & Lightmapping

Global Illumination in Unity 5

- Precomputed realtime GI
 - Lightmaps + Light Probes
- Baked Static GI
 - Lightmaps + Light Probes
- Reflection Probes
 - Baked & Realtime

Precomputed Realtime GI

- Lightmaps and probes updated realtime
 - Dynamically change light sources, emissive materials & environment lighting
- Static objects lit by realtime lightmaps
- Dynamic objects lit by realtime light probes
 - 2nd order spherical harmonics

Precomputed Realtime GI

- Objects that affect lighting are static
- Moving objects pick up GI, but do not affect it
- Diffuse light transport only
 - Final reflective bounce: directionality and/or cubemaps
- Low frequency / low resolution

Baked Static GI

- Ye olde lightmaps + light probes (3rd order SH)
- Baked direct + indirect + AO

Directional Lightmaps

Simple



Directional

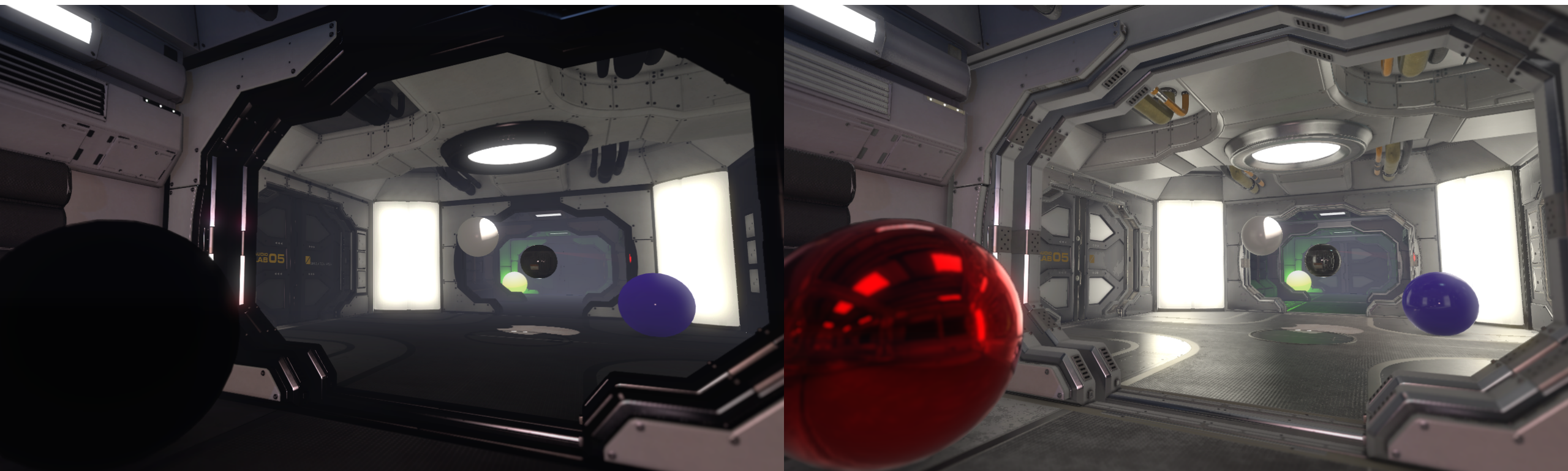


Directional Specular



Lightmapping Workflow

- Hash & cache
 - All inputs (meshes, transforms, lights, materials) hashed
 - Results of jobs cached
- Actual work done in async & parallel jobs
- Continuous baking mode
 - Monitors changes & automatically does stuff
- On-demand baking
 - Press a button
 - Lightmap snapshot saved & can be versioned



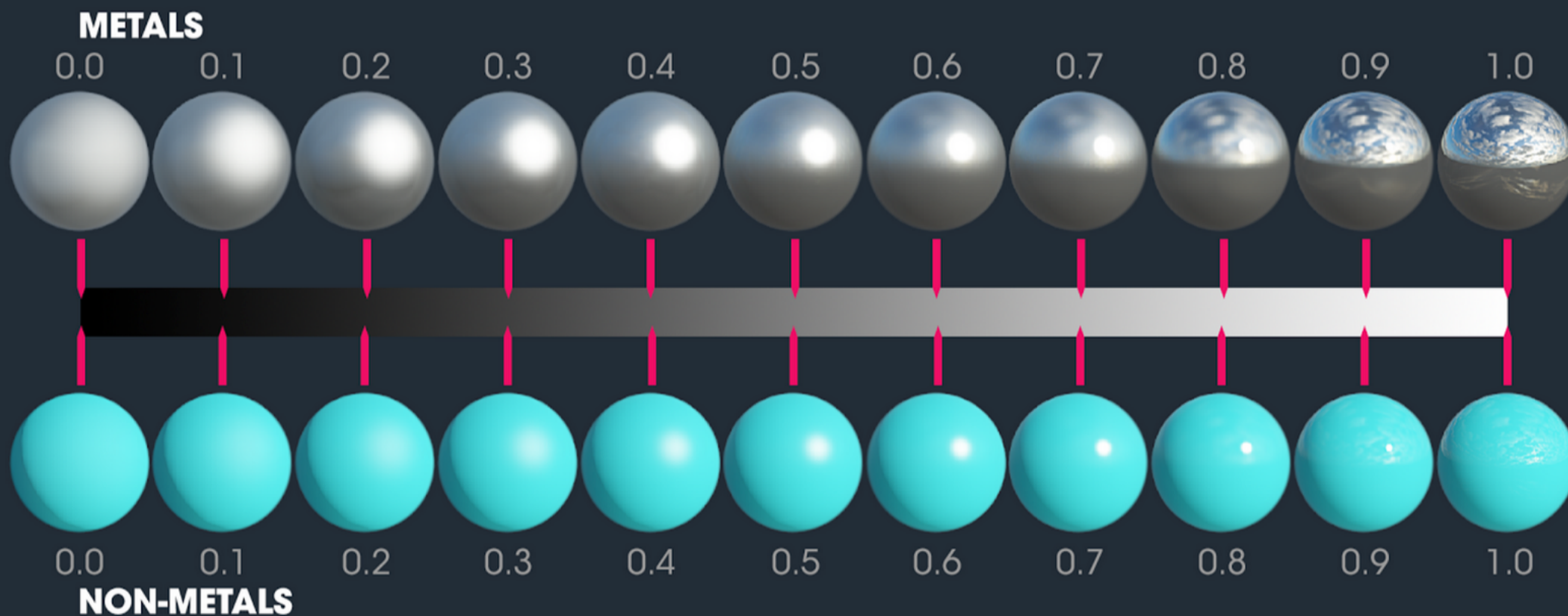
Reflection Probes

Reflection Probes

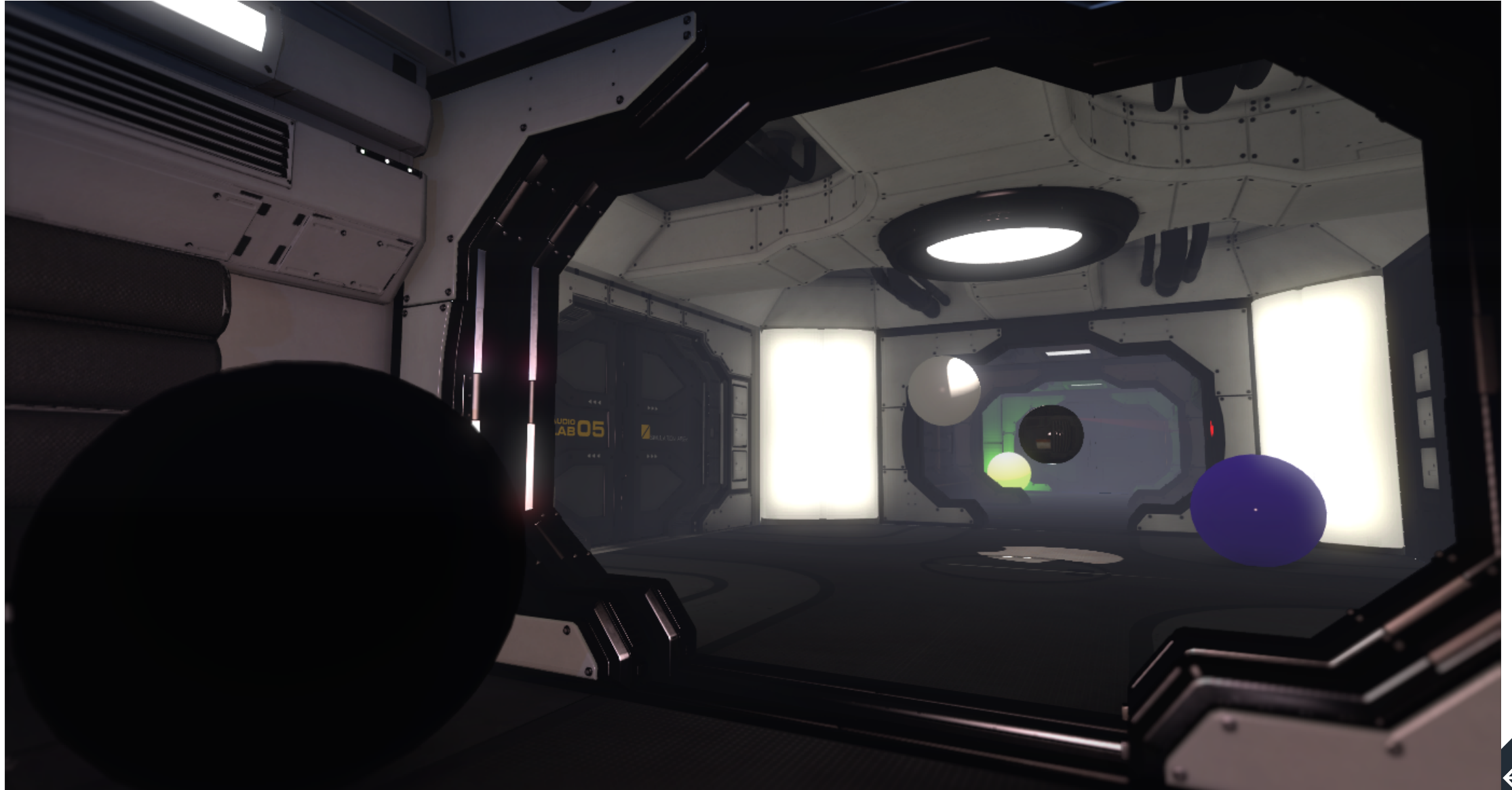
- Boxes placed in scene
- Each box captures a reflection cubemap
- Shader samples closest probe(s) for reflection
 - Mip levels for varying smoothness (convolved with Phong lobe)
 - Box projection
 - Blending between probes

SMOOTHNESS A

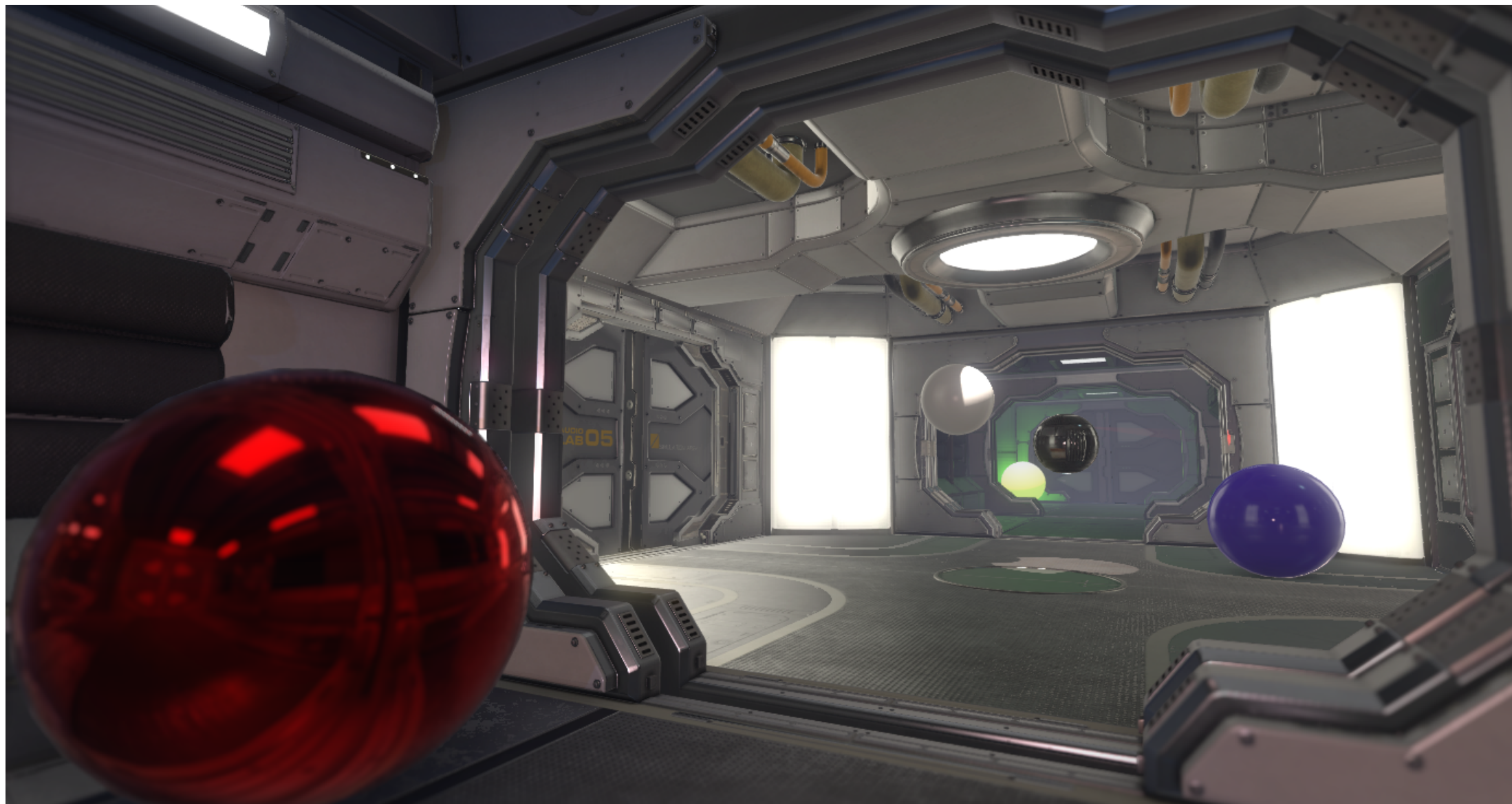
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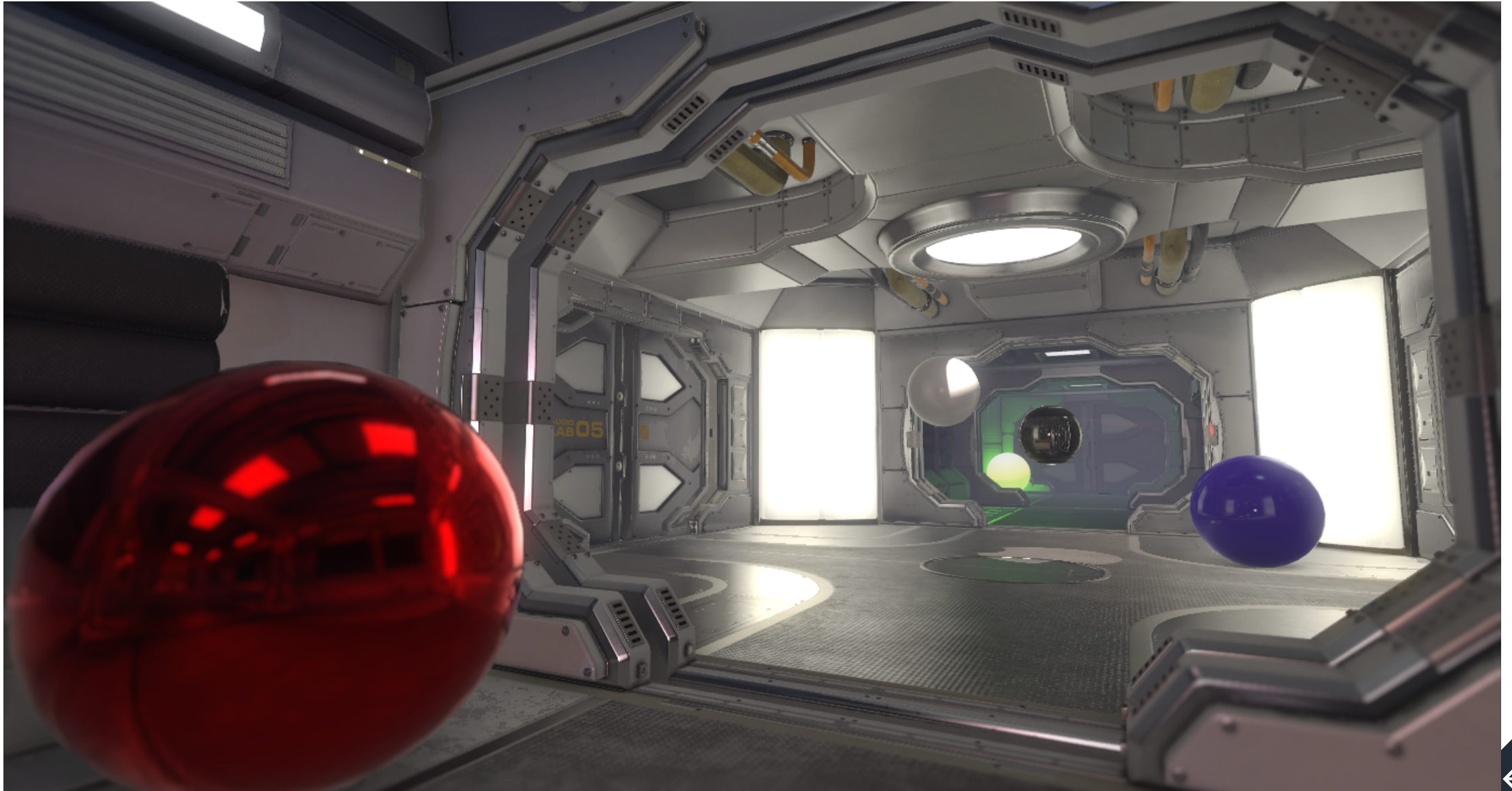
No Reflection Probes



Reflection Probes (no box projection)



Reflection Probes with box projection



Baked & Realtime Probes

- Baked
 - Static
 - High quality
- Realtime
 - Useful for dynamic scenes / hero chars
 - Render scene into cubemap at runtime
 - Can be spread over frames
 - Lower quality mip convolution (on the GPU)
 - Can be spread over frames

Future: SSRR

- Screen Space Raytraced Reflections (not in 5.0)
- Current plan:
 - Deferred Shading only (need G-buffer info)
 - Split reflection probes buffer from emission/lightmaps buffer
 - Render probes similar to deferred lights
 - SSRR, fallback to probes where no information

No screen-space reflections

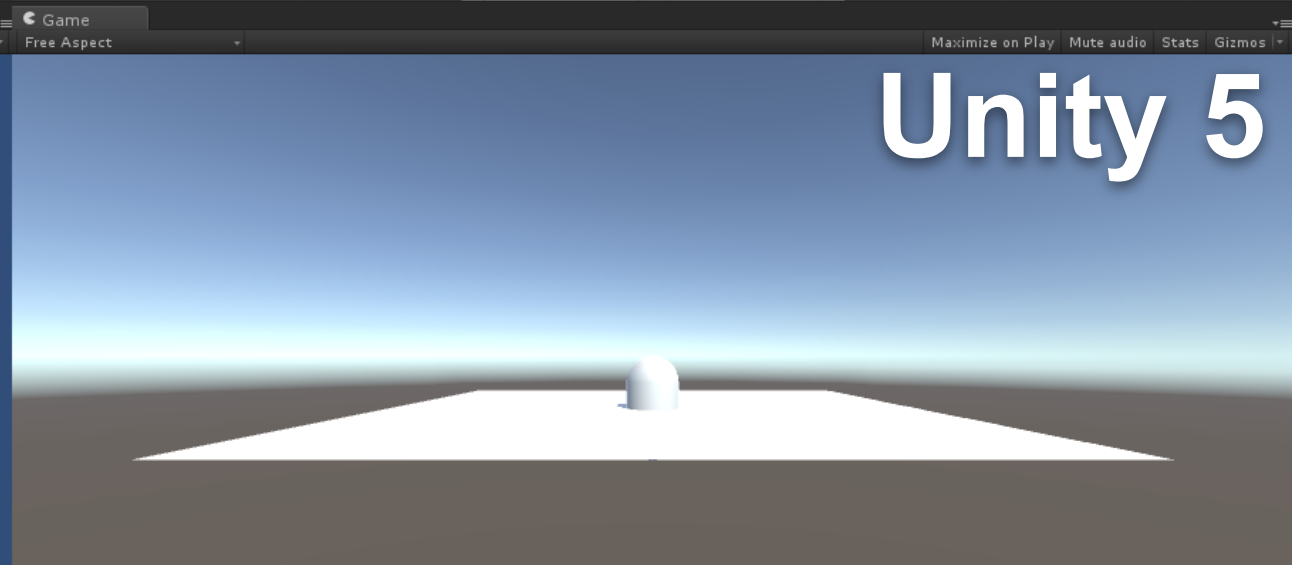
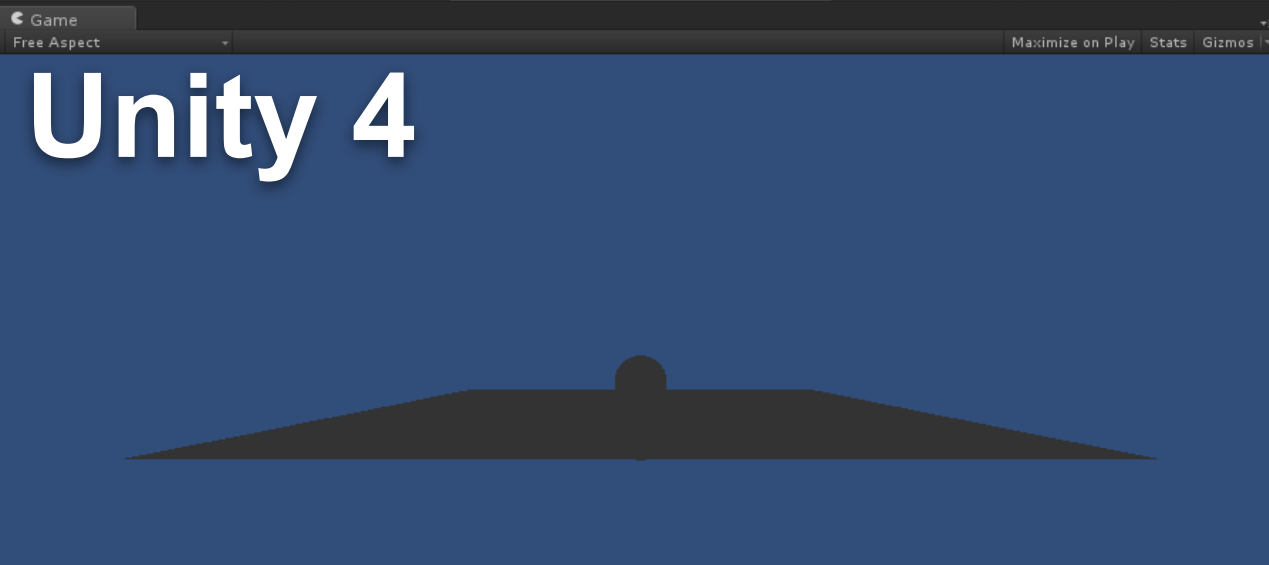
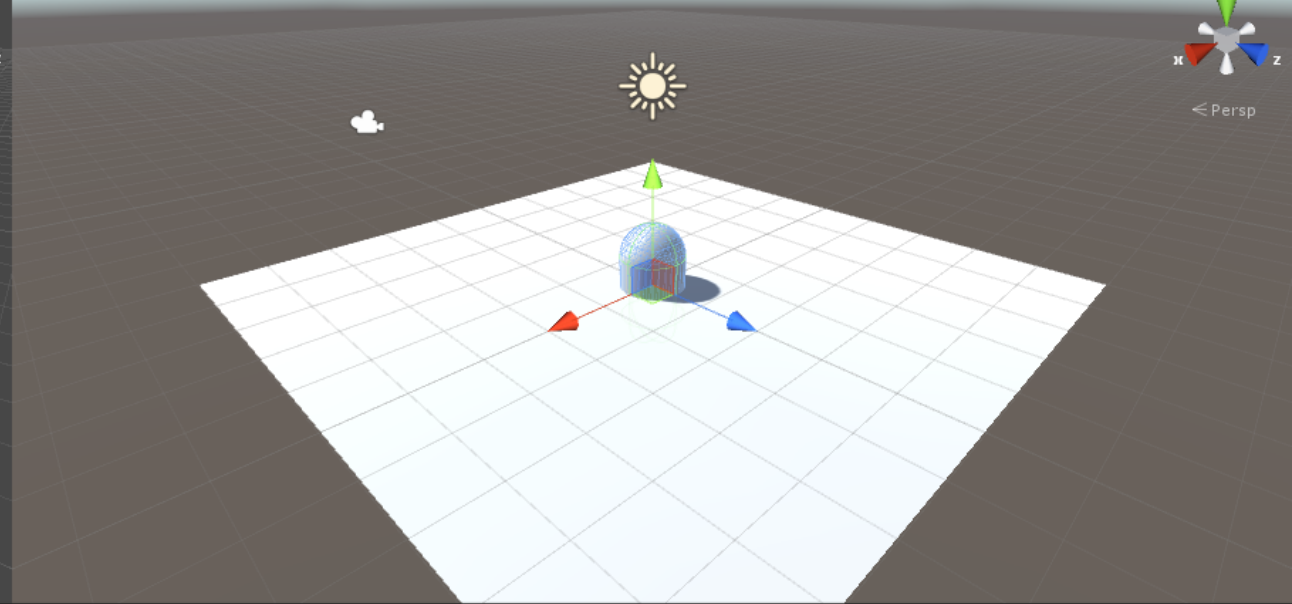
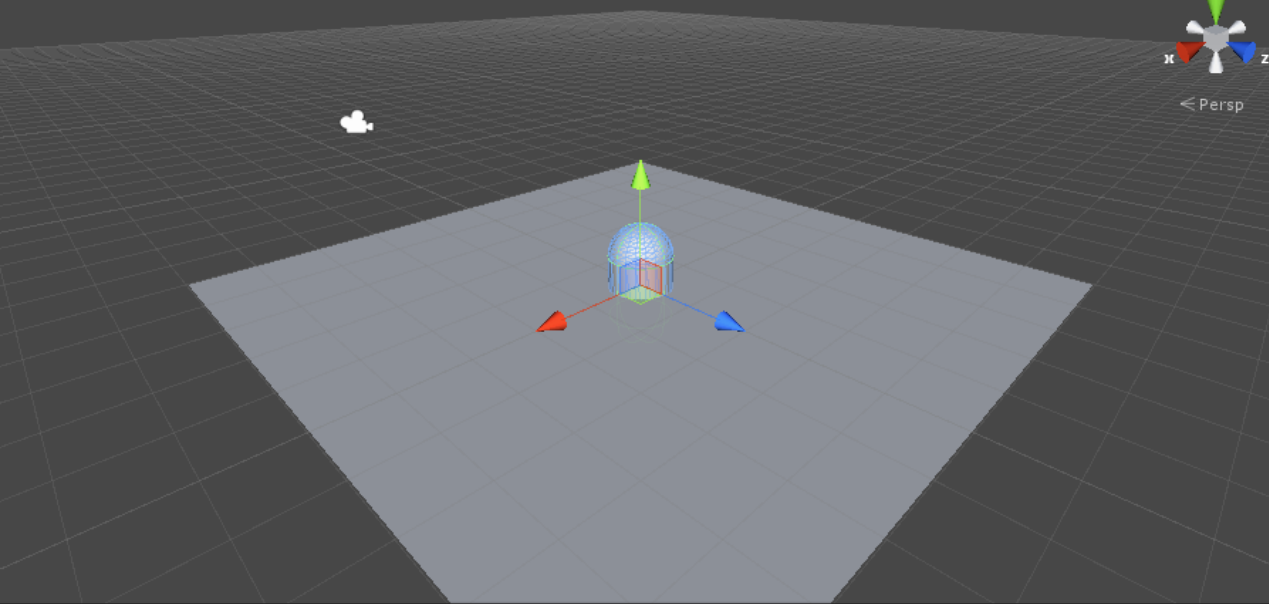


With screen-space reflections



Objective 1/7: Go to Control Room

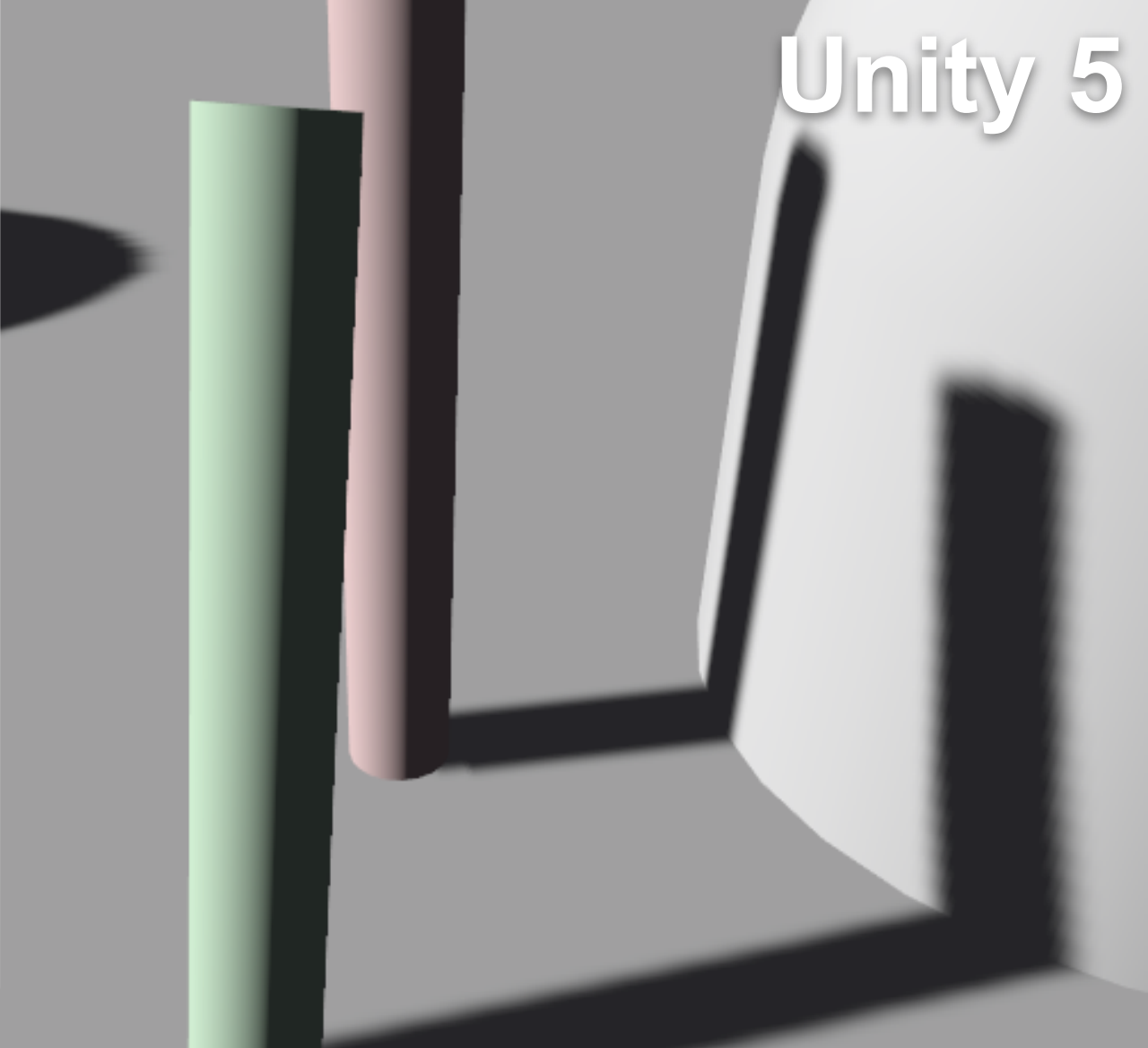
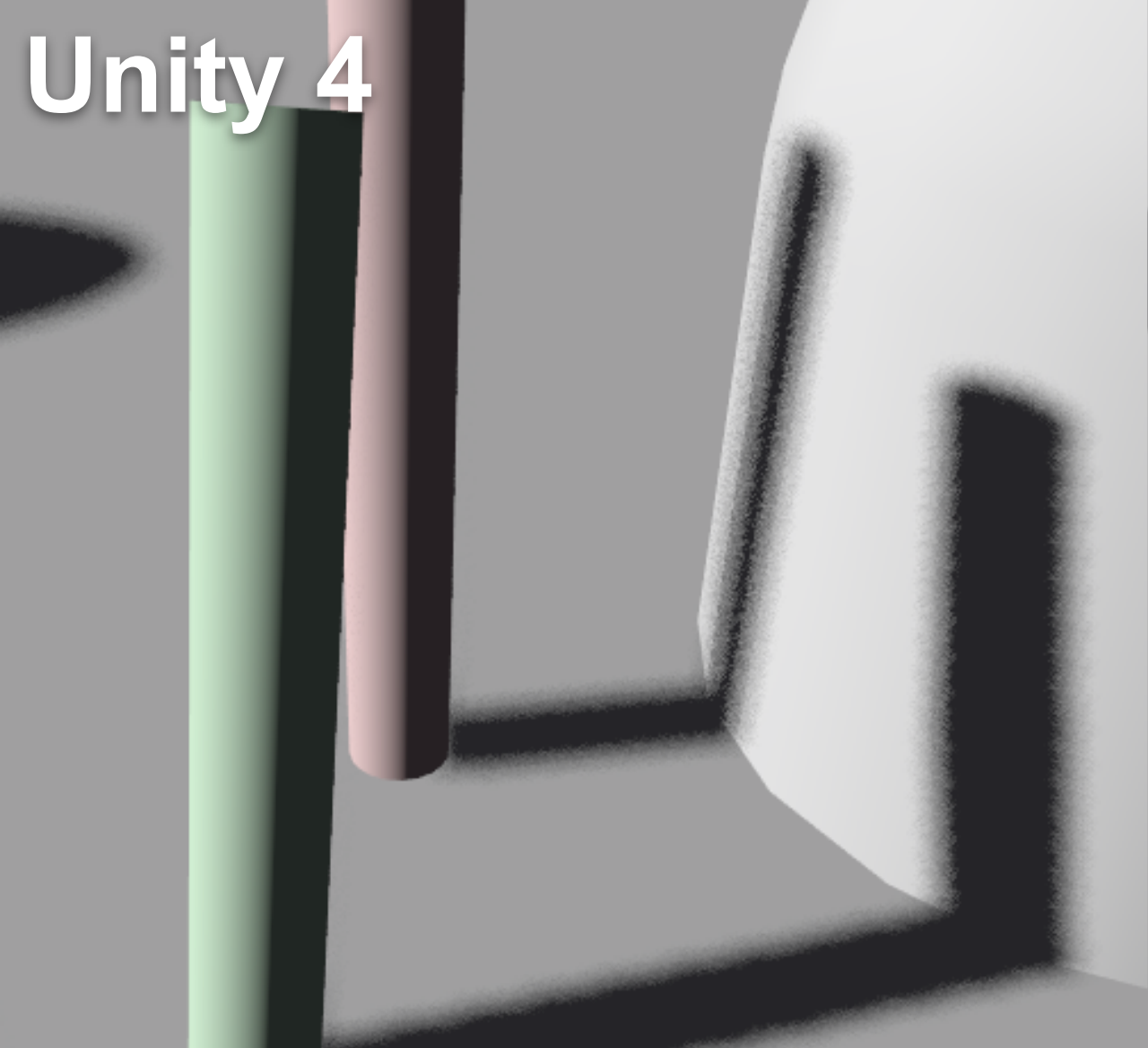




Workflow Improvements

Little Things

- Procedural skybox shader
 - Skyboxes can be HDR too
 - HDR (.exr/.hdr) texture importing too
- New scene in 3D game has skybox & light
 - Ambient & reflection matching skybox
 - Scene view can be HDR too
- Cubemap workflow
 - Automatic detection of cross/latlong/strip/spheremap layouts
 - Texture compression



Shadows

Directional Light Shadows

- PCF 5x5 instead of screenspace blur
 - Looks better & runs faster
 - Normal offset shadows
- Cascade split ratios & visualization
- No more shadow collector pass
 - Shadow mask computed from depth texture

Shadow cascades visualization



Other Shadow Stuffs

- Shadow casting modes
 - Off, On, Two Sided, Shadows Only
- Point/spot shadows no longer rendered 2x
 - If you have both deferred & forward objects
- Better bias for spot lights
- Better precision for point lights (RFloat format)
- Better point/spot filtering not in 5.0 yet, but high on the list



G-buffer

Deferred Shading

Deferred Shading

- Unity 4 Deferred Lighting can't really do PBS
 - Not enough space in G-buffer to store information
 - Two geometry passes aren't nice either
- Unity 5 adds deferred shading
 - Multiple Render Targets to store G-buffer
 - One geometry pass

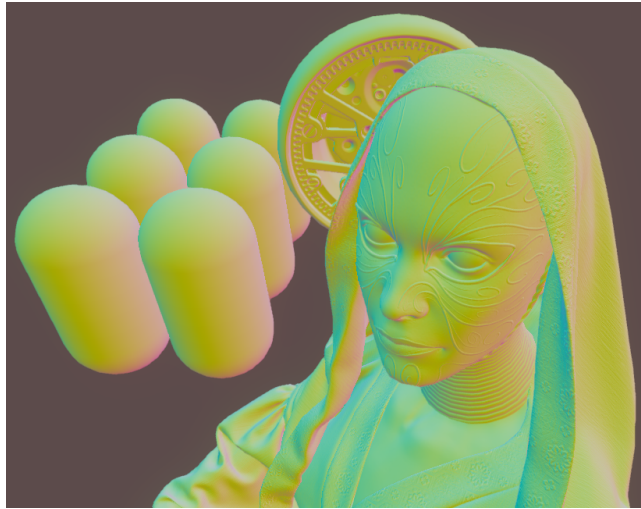
Deferred G-buffer

- Four render targets, 160bpp (LDR) or 192bpp (HDR)
 - RT0: diffuse color (rgb), occlusion (a)
 - RT1: specular color (rgb), smoothness (a)
 - RT2: world normal (rgb, 10 bit/channel)
 - RT3: emission/light buffer; FP16 when HDR
 - Z-buffer: depth & stencil

Diffuse



Normals



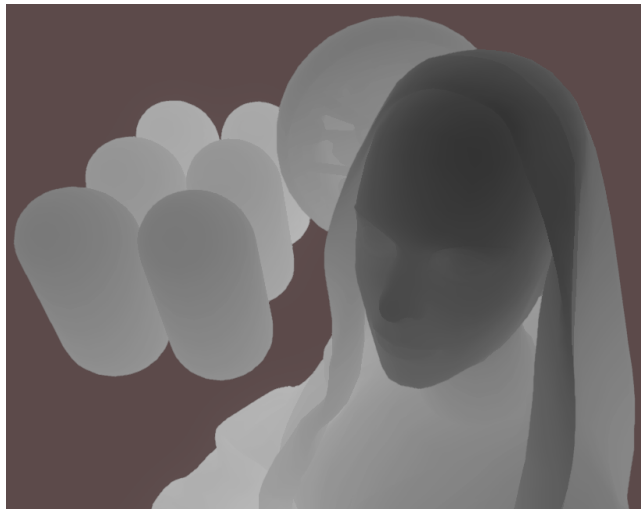
Specular



Smoothness



Depth



Final result



More Consistency

- Linear & Gamma color spaces more similar now
 - Lightmaps almost the same
 - More similar light intensities & specular highlights
- Removed hidden “* 2” on light intensity in shaders
 - Custom shaders might need an update in Unity 5
 - Also code or animations that work with light color/intensity

Meshes

- Can have 4 UV coordinates
 - Up from 2 UVs in Unity 4
 - Vertex colors can be floats (Mesh.colors vs colors32)
- No CPU/memory cost for non-uniform scale
 - Shaders do transform / normalization
- Per-Renderer instance mesh data
 - e.g. painting vertex colors in the world
 - MeshRenderer.additionalVertexStreams

Shaders: Stripping

- Build-time stripping of unused shader variants
- `#pragma shader_feature`
- Unused fog / lightmap modes
- Standard shader can have 35k variants in total
 - 375MB if compiled for DX11 only (26MB zipped)
- Most content ends up using several hundred
 - Several megabytes

Shaders: Load Performance

- Shader loading performance
 - Generally loads less variants than Unity 4
- ShaderVariantCollection to control preloading
 - List of shaders + their variants
 - Can be recorded from editor
 - Replaces the very blunt WarmupAllShaders

Shaders: Fog

- Fog done differently
- Works on all platforms now! (WP8 & consoles)
- Shader macros to do fog
 - Instead of Unity 4 runtime shader patching

Other Misc Stuff

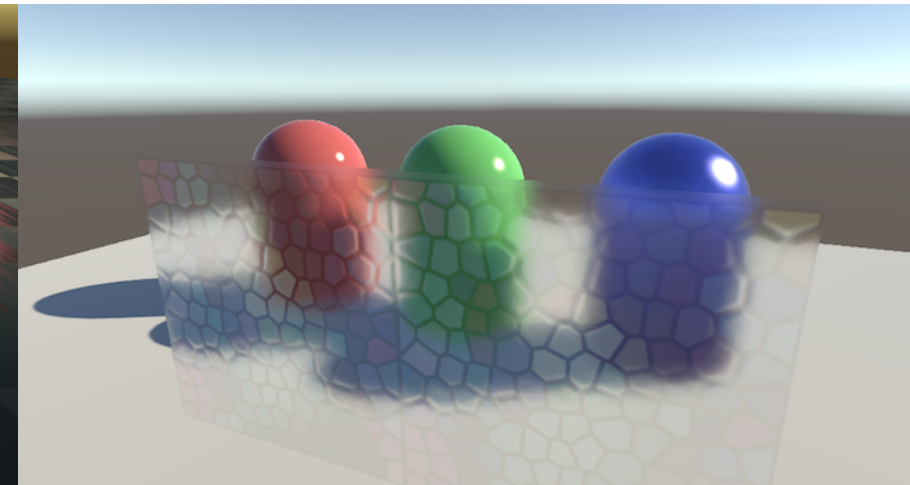
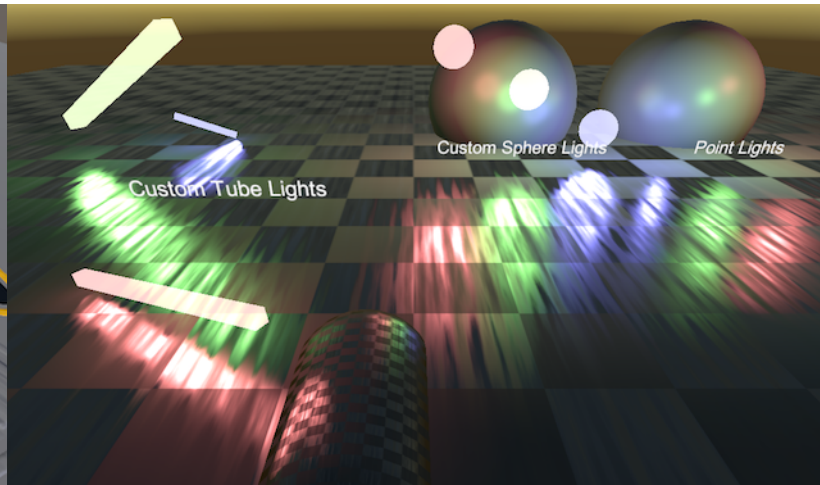
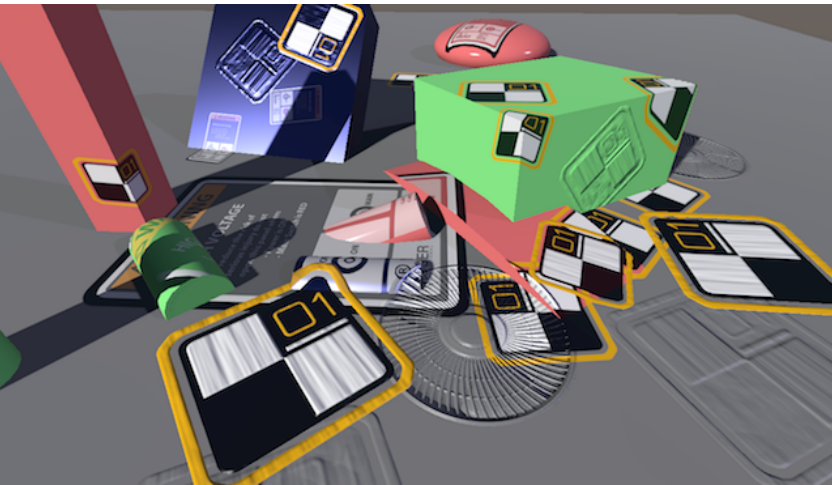
- More Performance
 - Light culling in forward rendering
 - Shadow caster culling
 - Less SetPass calls, especially with light probes
- More shader keywords
 - 128, up from 64

Extensibility: Command Buffers

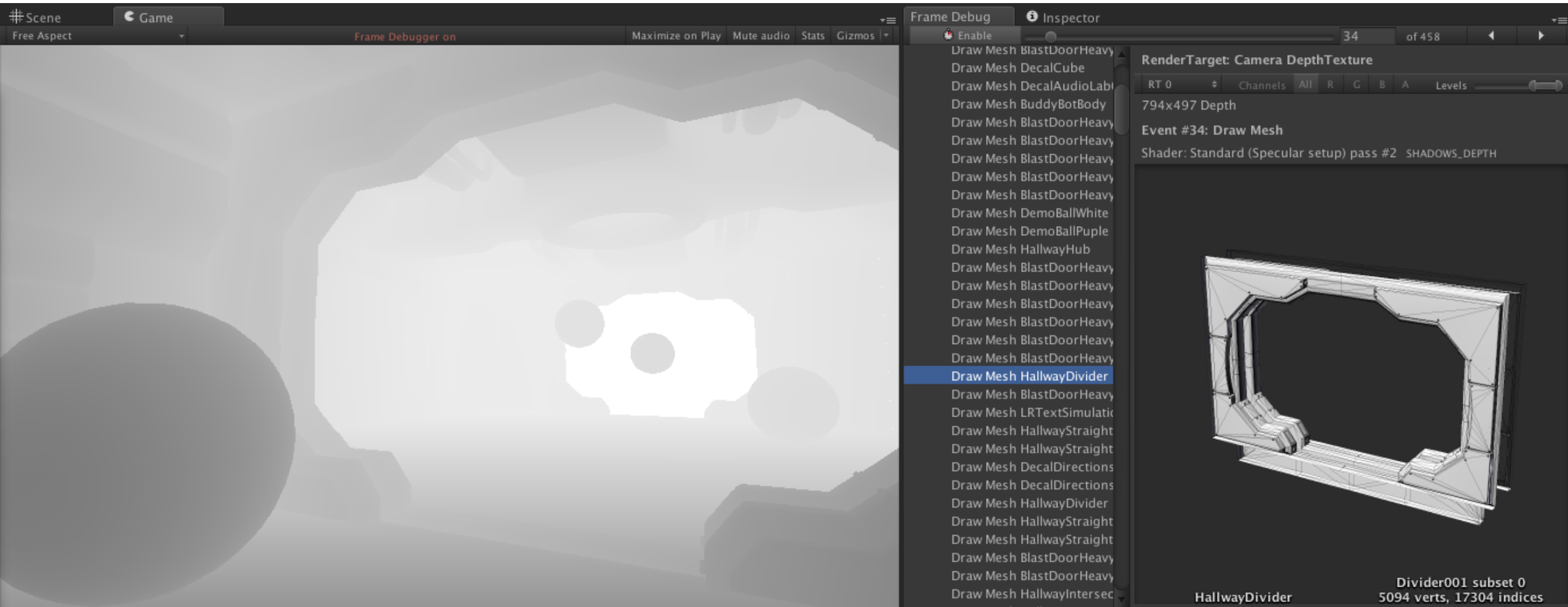
- Create “lists of things to do”
 - Draw mesh, set render target, blit with shader, ...
- Tell cameras to execute them at various points
 - After deferred G-buffer
 - After deferred light pass
 - Before all transparencies
 - ...

Things to do with command buffers

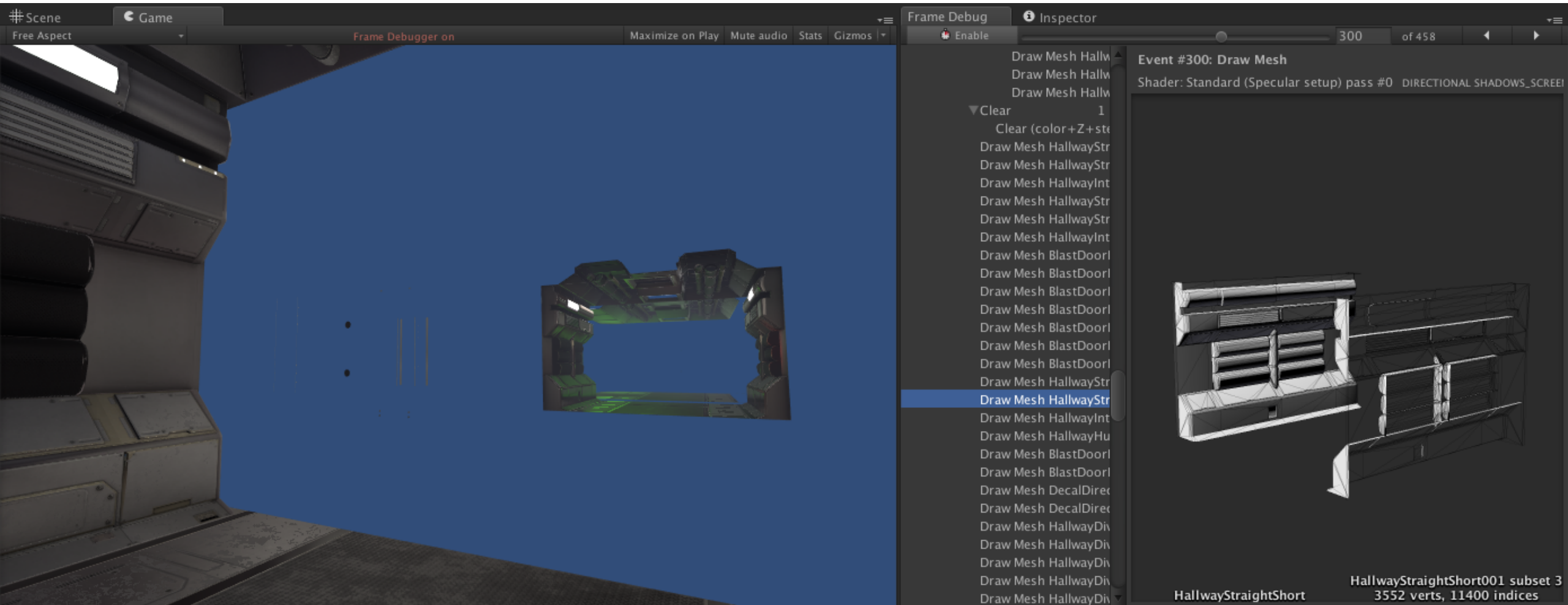
- Deferred decals
- Custom lights in deferred shading
- GrabPass on steroids
- ...



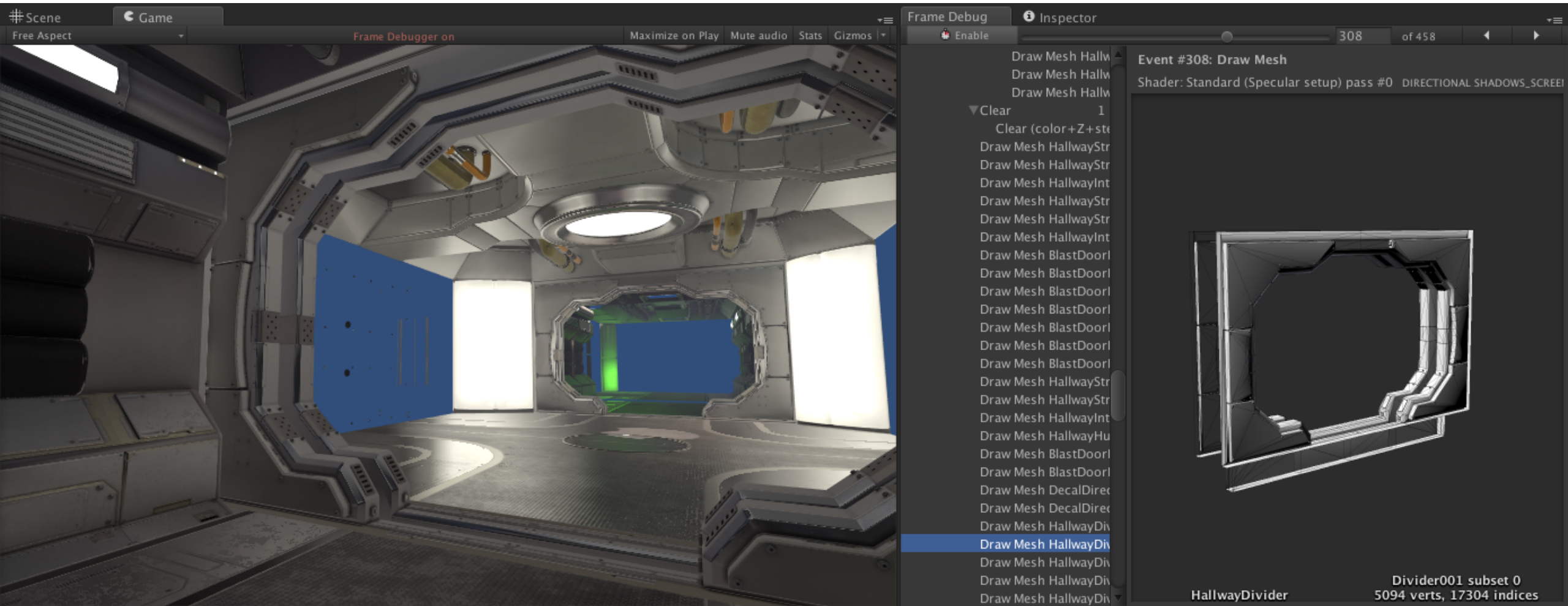
Frame Debugger



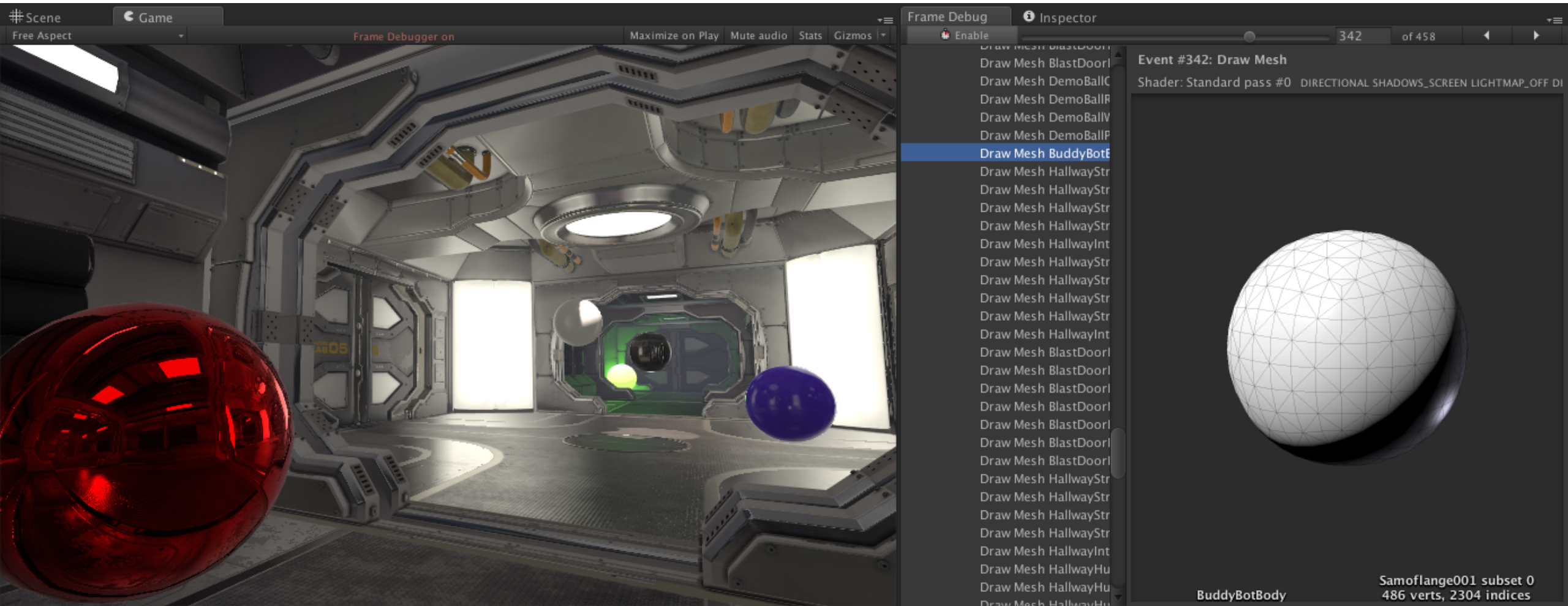
Frame Debugger



Frame Debugger



Frame Debugger





Questions?